

Concordat to Support the Career Development of Researchers

Implementation Review - April 2017

Status	Status in January 2013	Status in January 2015	Status (current)
	(Count)	(Count)	(Count)
Achieved (A)	26	40	61%-100% (42)
Part-Achieved (P)	19	8	31-60% (4)
Outstanding (O)	3	0	0%-30% (2)

RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION

PRINCIPLE 1

Recognition of the importance of recruiting, selecting and retaining researchers with the highest potential to achieve excellence in research

	Clause, response and evidence for current compliance	Status Action and <i>success</i> (as at measure (as at		tus at May 20 (% complete)				
	(commentary as supplied at January 2015 submission)	Jan 2015)	January 2015)	61%-100%	31-60%	0%-30%	Lead	Timescale
				+ updat	e required (&	initials)		
1.1	 All members of the UK research community should understand that researchers are chosen primarily for their ability to advance research at an institution. The University has clearly defined person specifications for all roles, including research posts. All posts are advertised and the usual recruitment guidelines apply to these posts. Recruitment and selection training is compulsory for all staff who wish to engage in such activities and has a dedicated web page (http://www.gre.ac.uk/data/assets/pdf_file/0007/928960/A ppointment-of-Staff-Regulations-January-2015.pdf). Appointment of Staff Regulations (including recruitment guidelines) was updated in May 2014 and is available on the HR web pages 	A	No actions set				HR	
1.2	<i>Employers should strive to attract excellence and respect diversity (see Principle 6). Recruitment and selection procedures should be informative, transparent and open to all qualified applicants regardless of background. Person and</i>	A	No actions set				HR	

	vacancy specifications must clearly identify the skills required for the post and these requirements should be relevant to the role. The University's Appointment of Staff Regulations (http://www.gre.ac.uk/ data/assets/pdf file/0007/928960/A ppointment-of-Staff-Regulations-January-2015.pdf) reflect these principles through procedures relating to staff recruitment and selection, as well as the constitution of selection panels. The University moved to an e-Recruitment system in December 2011, and it explicitly requires a Job Description / Person Specification and selection criteria for each role. These are seen by the people involved in the recruitment process as well as the applicants. Panel members shortlist on the basis of how the applicants have addressed the selection criteria. Recruitment and selection training is mandatory for all recruiting managers and panel members. Recruitment and selection has a dedicated web page (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/staffdev/recruitment-and- selection).					
1.3	Research posts should only be advertised as a fixed-term post where there is a recorded and justifiable reason.The University manages its fixed-term contracts consistently for all groups of staff in accordance with its Fixed Term Contracts and Externally Funded Appointments of a Limited Duration procedure (http://www.gre.ac.uk/data/assets/pdffile/0012/663978/Fij xed-Term-Contracts-and-Appointments-of-Ltd-Duration- January-2015.pdf).The e-Recruitment system records the details of any external funding and the duration of the contract as well as the business	Р	Action 1): Prepare a guide for managers on good practice in managing staff on fixed-term contracts. Action 2): Establish reporting and analysis on the gendered nature of fixed-term contracts, to inform	 1): Approval of policy and guidance on fixed term contracts has recently been obtained. This is available on the HR website, it underpins HR processes and HRMs refer to it to cascade advice to all line managers. 2): Gender analysis of the fixed-term contract data is now available, and the Director of HR has communicated to PVCs about such. Further, the roadmap for the Oracle HR 	HR ECR Steering Group Faculties	

	case for any new fixed-term posts. Since the HR restructure in 2014, the University has improved the information made available to managers to support them in having the appropriate discussions and consultation with individuals on fixed term contracts in a timely manner. A structure of HR Business Partners is in place to provide face to face guidance to managers on a range of HR issues. The Business Partners have focussed on the area of fixed term contracts with managers, providing guidance and coaching on the use and management of staff on fixed term contracts. The University has agreed with Trade Union partners to review the use of fixed term contracts and the management practice in place relating to fixed term contracts. Guidance will be developed by the end of 2015 following this review. This will be strengthened by a further action set as part of the University's Athena SWAN submission which looks at the communication of the wider remit of HR policies and procedures (see section 6.8).		progression and succession planning, which will allow further investigation in this area	development has now been finalised and a budget agreed for a five year programme of development for the system which will allow better flow of key HR information.		
1.4	To assure fairness, consistency and the best assessment of the candidates' potential, recruitment and progression panels should reflect diversity as well as a range of experience and expertise. In order to promote these values, individuals who are members of recruitment and promotion panels should have received relevant recent training. Unsuccessful applicants should be given appropriate feedback if requested as this may be of assistance to the researcher in considering their further career development. The University is an Equal Opportunities employer and the relevant recruitment and promotion policies and procedures reflect this. Please see section 1.2 for information on recruitment and selection.	A	No actions set		HR	

	Promotion for research staff is currently managed through the University's Appointment to Professor and Reader Procedures (https://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/pgf/guidance/Professors- and-Readers-Appointments-Guidelines-October-2013.pdf) and Grading Review and Assessment Procedures, GRAP, (https://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/pgf/policies/Grading- <u>Review-and-Assessment-Procedure-January-2015.pdf</u>). Those involved in the promotion and re-grading process are experienced senior academic staff as well as HR professionals with appropriate training. Unsuccessful candidates at recruitment, promotion or re-grading are provided with feedback on request following interview.				
1.5	The level of pay or grade for researchers should be determined according to the requirements of the post, consistent with the pay and grading arrangements of the research organisation. The University adopted the single pay spine as part of the National Framework Agreement. Researchers are paid on the single pay spine with the appropriate grade being determined by the HERA job evaluation scheme. Also refer to section 1.2 regarding recruitment and selection section. (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/staffdev/recruitment-and- selection).	A	No actions set	HR	

RECOGNITION AND VALUE

PRINCIPLE 2

Researchers are recognised and valued by their employing organisation as an essential part of their organisation's human resources and a key component of their overall strategy to develop and deliver world-class research.

	Clause, response and evidence for current compliance (commentary as supplied at January 2015 submission)	Status (as at Jan 2015)	Action and <i>success</i> <i>measure</i> (as at January 2015)	61%-100%	atus at Jan 20 (% complete 31-60% re required (8) 0%-30%	Lead	Timescale
2.1	Employers are encouraged to value and afford equaltreatment to all researchers, regardless of whether they areemployed on a fixed term or similar contract. In particular,employers should ensure that the development of researchersis not undermined by instability of employment contracts.This approach should be embedded throughout alldepartmental structures and systems.The University does not differentiate in its provision of trainingand development opportunities between staff employed onfixed term contracts and staff employed on a contract which ison-going. Please refer to section 1.3 for information regardingthe use of fixed-term contracts and the links to currentprocedures regarding appraisal(https://www.gre.ac.uk/ data/assets/pdf_file/0012/659667/Appraisal-Policy-and-Procedure-November-2016.pdf),redeployment,(http://www.gre.ac.uk/ data/assets/pdf_file/0009/664794/Restructure-Policy-and-Procedures-March-2017-pdf.pdf).and partial fee exemption scheme for staff who wish to studyfor further qualifications	A	No actions set				HR	

	(<u>https://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/pgf/policies/Partial-Fee-</u> Exemption-Scheme-201617.pdf).					
2.2	Commitment by everyone involved to improving the stability	А	No actions set		HR	
	of employment conditions for researchers and implementing					
	and abiding by the principles and terms laid down in the Fixed					
	Term Employees (Prevention of Less Favourable Treatment)					
	Regulations (2002) and Joint Negotiation Committee for					
	Higher Education Staff (JNCHES) guidance on the use of fixed-					
	term contracts will provide benefits for researchers, research					
	managers, and their organisations.					
	Refer to section 1.3 for information on how the University					
	complies with the Fixed Term Employees (Prevention of Less					
	Favourable Treatment) Regulations (2002).					
	ravourable freatment) Regulations (2002).					
2.3	Research managers should be required to participate in active	Р	Action: Design a	1): The University has provided a	HR	
	performance management, including career development		programme of	substantial programme of leadership		
	guidance, and supervision of these who work in their teams.		activities to enhance	training events for Heads of Departments	Faculties	
	Employers should ensure that research managers are made		leadership and line	over the period 2015-2016.		
	aware of, and understand their responsibilities for the		management skills for			
	management of researchers and should provide training		academic leaders, to	2): A series of 'Make a Difference' events		
	opportunities, including equality and diversity training, to		include awareness of	linked to the Staff Engagement Survey		
	support research managers in doing this. Institutions will		unconscious bias and	were also held in during 2015 and 2016.		
	wish to consider how research managers' performance in		perceptions of	The events have showed university-wide		
	these areas is developed, assessed and rewarded, and how		leadership.	consistency in themes, including senior		
	effectively this supports good research management.			leadership. In particular using the themes		
				of senior leadership and change to inform		
	Refer to section 1.3 for information on how the University			action planning.		
	complies with the Fixed Term Employees (Prevention of Less					
	Favourable Treatment) Regulations (2002). The University has			3): The Staff Engagement Survey further		
	online and face-to-face equality and diversity training, including			informed considerable Departmental		
	managing diversity. These are available through the			activity in altering local management		

	 institutional training programme (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/staffdev refer to section 5.5 for more details) and induction (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/new-employee-welcome- and-introduction-newi). The University requires all academic managers to undertake leadership training. In 2014, the University launched an annual leadership development programme for all academic leaders, designed and run in-house. It uses a blended methodology, including group learning days and online modules. GRE also launched a project management for research managers' course for those employed on, or leading internally or externally funded research projects. HR Business Partners are available to provide guidance and coaching to managers on a range of HR issues (see also section 1.3). 			 practises. 4): Whilst the roll out of the unconscious bias training had to be delayed as a result of difficulties finding a third-party provider, unconscious bias training was built into our online recruitment and selection training. A third-part provider has now been identified, and this will now go live at the start of the 2017/18 session. 		
2.4	Organisation systems must be capable of supporting continuity of employment for researchers, such as funding between grants, other schemes for supporting time between grant funding, or systems for redeploying researchers within organisations where resources allow. Funders are expected to make it a priority to consider how their policies, guidance and funding can be enhanced to help employers to achieve this objective. Refer to section 1.2 for details of the University's procedure on Fixed Term Contracts and Externally Funded Appointments of a Limited Duration and section 2.1 for details on the redeployment procedure.	A	No actions set		HR	

2.5	Pay progression for researchers should be transparent and in accordance with procedures agreed between the relevant trade unions and the employers nationally and locally. In HEIs, pay progression will be in accordance with the Framework Agreement, though recognising the flexibility that institutions have in implementing the Framework. The pay progression arrangements for researchers on the single pay spine (adopted as part of the National Framework Agreement) are the same as those for other staff groups on the single pay spine. Refer to the pay and grading structure for more information (https://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/payscales-and- ranges/Salary-and-Grading-Structure-August-2016.pdf).	A	No actions set		HR	
2.6	Researchers need to be offered opportunities to develop their own careers as well as having access to additional pay progression. Promotion opportunities should be transparent, effectively communicated and open to all staff. It is helpful if clear career frameworks for early stage researchers are outlined in organisational HR strategies.The University is committed to realising the talent of our diverse workforce and thus recognises the need to develop our 'pipeline' by good succession planning, and by rewarding the achievement of academic excellence by staff in several ways. One of these is promotion to Reader or Professor through the University's Appointment to Professor and Reader Procedures (http://www.gre.ac.uk/ data/assets/pdf file/0018/1033434/ Professors-and-Readers-Appointments-Guidelines-October- 2013.pdf). Progression at earlier career stages is possible through the	Ρ	Outlined at section 3.2	The Academic Career Pathways project (outlined in the Summary section) development is complete and in phased implementation. This will start with discussion in the 2016/17 appraisal round. We expect to have our first promotion round using the career pathways in 2017/18.	HR ECR Steering Group Faculties	

annual Pay and Grading Review System (GRAP) – see section 1.4. (<u>https://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/pgf/policies/Grading-</u> <u>Review-and-Assessment-Procedure-January-2015.pdf</u>).			
A specific project on the design and implementation of academic and research career paths will be implemented by August 2016 in line with the University's HR Strategy and Athena SWAN Action Plan (see section 3.2).			

SUPPORT AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT

PRINCIPLE 3

Researchers are equipped and supported to be adaptable and flexible in an increasingly diverse, mobile, global research environment.

Clause, response and evidence for current compliance (commentary as supplied at January 2015 submission)	Status (as at Jan 2015)	Action and <i>success</i> <i>measure</i> (as at January 2015)	Status at Jan 2016 (% complete) 61%-100% 31-60% 0%-30% + update required + update required	Lead	Timescale
3.1 It is recognised that positions of permanent employment are limited in the UK research and academic communities and that not all researchers will be able to obtain such a position. It is, therefore, imperative that researcher positions in the UK are attractive in themselves (and not, for example, as potential stepping stones to permanent academic positions). This requires they provide career development which is comparable to, and competitive with, other employment sectors. Personal and career development opportunities form an integral part of research focussed posts. Addressing such opportunities, and the individual researcher's responsibility to	Ρ	Action 1): Establish reporting and analysis on gender participation in career development initiatives offered at the University by STEMM and Non- STEMM departments aligned to KPI reporting mechanisms	1): The review of Oracle and establishment of new online appraisal are designed to centralise reporting . The appraisal process has been overhauled, is now fully online, and in its second year of operation. The new process incorporates a line manager instigated Training Needs Analysis (subsequently undertaken by GRE, EDU & HR). Further development of the Oracle systems is underway, within a five year HR development plan.	GRE HR ECR Steering Group	

be proactive in this respect, begins with, and is built on, during the University's induction, mentoring and appraisal processes: (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/new-staff), (http://www.gre.ac.uk/ data/assets/pdf_file/0006/664647/M entors-Guidelines-July-2014.pdf) and (https://www.gre.ac.uk/ data/assets/pdf_file/0012/659667/A ppraisal-Policy-and-Procedure-November-2016.pdf) As part of the induction activities, researchers should benchmark themselves against the Researcher Development Framework (RDF) – www.vitae.ac.uk/rdf - and line managers/supervisors support them to map out possible career pathways, and the skills, competences and attributes that are required to address these (see also section 3.6). Subsequent mentoring and appraisal sessions should refresh and update this process and assist in keeping options under review. In 2014 the researcher training provision offered by GRE was re- branded under the RDF header (http://www.gre.ac.uk/research/intranet/gre-office/researcher- development/researcher-development-framework). Training	Action 2): Continued development and promotion of career development materials for researchers, including: managers' toolkits, 'ECR Passbook', careers advice Action 3): Explore extension of the careers advice service offered by the University and Reed NCFE to academic and research staff	 2): A number of researcher-development focused events have been held <i>e.g.</i> 'Developing Your Research Career' event, but this activity has been subsumed in the creation of the Research and Training Institute (RETI) (see Summary statement). Of relevance here is the annual ECR awards ceremony to be instigated in 2017, at which the research of the successful recipients of University-funded travel awards and other bursaries will be showcased. Research & Enterprise Career Development Pathways established (see also action 4.1). 3) The Reed NCFE provision has been terminated, and the service brought in house. Notwithstanding the activities of 	2) by August 2017 3) Summer 2018

	Consultation with Faculties has already resulted in approval by R&EC in December 2014 of a 'Researcher Development Pathway' – a career development tool which outlines frameworks to help Early Career Researchers (ECR), Mid-Career and Expert Researchers align themselves to University KPIs and the next REF (see section 3.2) The Employability and Careers Service (ECS) support staff with careers advice and skills enhancement (e.g. interview techniques) on an ad hoc basis. The ECS Team work alongside experts from REED NCFE to offer a free graduate job brokerage service to help final-year students and recent graduates boost their career prospects by putting them in touch with a network of employers across commerce and industry beyond their discipline. An action has been proposed to explore extending this service to academic and research staff at the University.					
3.2	A wide variety of career paths are open to researchers and the ability to move between different paths is key to a successful career. It is recognised that this mobility brings great benefit to the UK economy and organisations will, therefore, wish to be confident that their culture supports a broad-minded approach to research careers and that all career pathways are equally valid. The University has in place an appraisal system which is mandatory and provides an opportunity for discussion between managers and individuals about their contribution to meeting strategic expectations and the development and resources that can be made available to support them. It encourages the discussion of development appropriate to support individuals in their roles and to develop their skills, knowledge and experience to equip them for future roles. Career management	Ρ	Action: Develop a specific project on the design and implementation of academic and research career paths in line with the University's HR Strategy and Athena SWAN Action Plan	The Academic Career Pathways project development is complete and in phased implementation; starting with discussion in the 2016/17 appraisal round. We expect to have our first promotion round using the career pathways in 2017/18.	HR GRE Faculties	by August 2018

is also promoted through the Researcher Development		
Framework (RDF) (see section 3.1).		
In addition, all University posts are advertised internally to		
internal staff as a matter of policy.		
The University's Strategic Plan 2012 – 17 and associated KPIs,		
contains ambitious expectations to progress the research and		
enterprise agenda by increasing the proportion of academic		
staff who are research active (1* REF output per annum) to 75%		
and academic staff with internationally excellent research (at		
least one 3* or 4* REF output per annum) to 25%. In		
embedding the University's vision, discussions have taken place		
within the University to identify career pathways for research		
and research & teaching. A set of standard expectations at each		
level of those pathways have also been discussed to support		
the provision of development aligned to expectations and to		
support greater transparency within the University about what		
a research career looks like and what is expected at each level		
and for promotion through to Professorship. These discussions		
were suspended as the University underwent a restructure of		
its academic areas and put in place a new academic leadership		
who are crucial to ensuring that the career pathways are		
implemented.		
The discussions have resumed in 2015 with a view to finalising		
the pathways and implementing them by August 2016 in line		
with the University's Athena SWAN Action Plan and new HR		
Strategy.		
The University's current Appointment to Professors and		
Readers Guidelines will be used to inform the new career		
management structures, for example ECRs, Lecturers and		
Senior Lecturers. This will include a review of panels (e.g.		

	equality and subject / method expertise) and an effective support infrastructure, including pre-application and post application constructive feedback.				
3.3	Employers, funders and researchers recognise that researchers need to develop transferable skills, delivered through embedded training, in order to stay competitive in both internal and external job markets. Therefore, as well as the necessary training and appropriate skills, competence and understanding to carry out a funded project, researchers also need to develop the communication and other professional development skills that they will need to be effective researchers and highly-skilled professionals in whatever field they choose to enter.	A	No actions set	HR GRE	
	The University recognises that the continuous development of its staff on the widest of fronts is key to its continued success, including the success of research projects. It is for this reason that considerable emphasis is placed on personal development, and the responsibility of individual members of staff, as professionals, in addressing this important matter on an on- going basis (see also section 5.5).				
	With regard to research staff, the RDF acts as a valuable touch point for such staff in terms of the breadth of skills, competences and attributes that should be considered (refer to sections 3.1, 5.4 and 5.5). The University plays it part in such development through the delivery of an ongoing, broad based programme of generic, and more focussed research and enterprise specific development opportunities (refer to section 5.5).				
	The University is responsive to the development needs				

	identified by any groups of researchers, and has a developed a responsive mechanism to address such needs. This is evidenced by the inclusion of ECR staff in the University the focussed Early Career Researcher Network (see also section 6.4). Engagement with this initiative is over and above what such staff required to undertake for their duties, but enables them to take advantage of training and networking at the institutional level. Additionally, the University's annual appraisal system includes the dimension where academic Departments submit a summary of development needs identified, so that HR may respond accordingly.					
3.4	All employers will wish to review how their staff can access professional, independent advice on career management in general, particularly the prospect of employment beyond their immediate discipline base, or offering training and placements to broaden awareness of other fields and sectors. Career management is currently addressed within the University's appraisal process and promoted through the RDF (see also sections 3.1 and 4.1). The new HR Strategy supporting the University's Strategic Plan 2012-17 will address the issue of career development for all groups of staff. Using the RDF as the starting point, a framework for the career management and development of research staff will be established. This will incorporate the	Ρ	Action 1): Departments to work with central research services (GRE) to analyse research activity and identify areas where additional career support mechanisms may be required	 1): Qualitative data has been gathered from various sources (e.g. CROS & PIRLS, TNA, RDF event, Staff Engagement Survey and 'Make a Difference' sessions). Results from the Staff Engagement Survey and CROS & PIRLS have been shared with Faculties and results are being used to identify areas of support development. Response to this action is being developed in conjunction with the university-wide training institute, created and shaped after extensive consultation with stakeholder groups, in particular the ECR network. Further, the Academic Career Pathways 	GRE HR ECR Steering Group	1) by Dec 2017
	development of coaching and mentoring networks across the University. Two female-only initiatives were established at the University in 2014: the Women's Professoriate Group (WPG) and The Leadership Foundation's <i>Aurora</i> programme. The WPG was set			project will also provide useful feedback (see action 3.2). Central administration structures (GRE) have been restructured to provide a much more proactive and engaged support of		

up to provide peer support and mentoring to other female colleagues who want to apply for the role of Reader or Professor. The group will host events for the whole University community with the aim of inspiring colleagues of both genders; raising the profile of the women's professoriate and establishing networking opportunities for those who aspire to readership/professorship. The University Chancellor, Baroness Scotland, has agreed to be the first invited speaker.

Aurora is designed to enable women in academic and professional roles in higher education to engage with leadership development at early stages in their careers. There are 15 women participants in 2014-15: 5 from professional services and 10 from Faculties, including ECRs (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/staffdev/aurora).

A mentoring e-learning module is currently being piloted for the Aurora programme. Mentoring skills training is on the Learning and Talent Development programme each term (https://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/staffdev? ga=2.162357500.1 762093442.1494599077-1100165097.1470323969). (see also section 4.5).

Coaching is available centrally through external providers on demand, with limited internal coaching provision for some talent development initiatives and ad hoc requests. Faculties and Directorates may make their own arrangements in this regard.

A job shadowing scheme Outside Insight is available for Administrative and Professional Services staff, and is planned to include research staff in 2014-15 academic year. The scheme is offered in conjunction with a number of other HEIs and

	research endeavours. A training thread	
	within the institute will provide a cradle to	
	the grave staff development activity, that is	
	dovetailed to the Academic Career	
	Pathways project, which has been	
	benchmarked against the Researcher	
	Development Framework.	
Action 2): Extend job	2): Outside Insight is an inter-institutional	
shadowing scheme	work shadowing scheme providing	
Outside Insight to	opportunities for professional services staff	

and researchers in other London universities. The cross-university Steering Group is chaired by Anna Radley, L&TD Projects Advisor. There are now 12 institutions participating in Outside Insight: University of Greenwich; University of Hertfordshire; Kingston University; SOAS, University of London; London Southbank University; Regents University, London; Imperial College; and University of London.

research staff

Eight of these include researchers in their remit.

2) by Dec 2017

3.5	provides a practical opportunity for sharing good practice as well as career and professional development, enabling participants to develop a wider appreciation of their field. The ECS Team and REED NCFE provides final-year students and recent graduates independent careers advice. An action has been proposed to explore extending this service to academic and research staff at the University (see section 3.1). Researchers benefit from clear systems that help them to plan	Α	No actions set	HR	
5.5	their career development. Employers and funding bodies should assist researchers to make informed choices about their career progression by ensuring that their own polices and processes for promotion and reward are transparent and clearly stated and that all researchers are aware of local and national career development strategies. Refer to sections 3.1, 3.2 and 3.4.				
3.6	Employers should provide a planned induction programme for researchers, on appointment to a research post, to ensure early effectiveness through the understanding of the organisation and its policies and procedures. They should also ensure that research mangers provide effective research environments for the training and development of researchers and encourage them to maintain or start their continuous development. The University has a well-planned and comprehensive induction programme for all staff, where the organisation of the institution and the member's role in this are addressed, along with the main policies and procedures staff should be aware of relevant to their role (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/new-employee-welcome-and-	A	No actions set	HR GRE	

	introduction-newi)				
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	Introduction of researcher-specific information was				
	incorporated into the corporate New Employee Welcome and				
	Introduction Programme (NEWI), which was launched in				
	November 2013. 'NEWI' takes place once per term and involves				
	a 'World Café' type approach with members of GRE present to				
	give information on the support and training available to				
	research staff, and answer any questions. Familiarisation with				
	the RDF is now a mandatory part of local induction for				
	academic staff and appears on the line managers' checklist				
	(http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/new-employee-welcome-and-				
	introduction-newi)				
	Attendance figures for NEWI are 2012-13 (68), 2013-14 (64)				
	and 2014-15 to date (48).				
	Principals of Every Researcher Counts are embedded				
	throughout the implementation of the RDF, including induction,				
	and rolled out in a bespoke approach, developing different				
	research communities within our new Faculty structures.				
	Additionally, as part of their professional responsibilities for				
	assisting in the development of their staff, principal				
	investigators and research managers are aware of the				
	important role they play in facilitating professional				
	development for research staff working within their own				
	environment.				
3.7	Employers and funders will wish to consider articulating the	А	No actions set	HR	
	skills that should be developed at each stage of their staff				
	development frameworks and should encourage researchers			GRE	
	to acquire and practise those skills. For example, researchers				
	may be given the opportunity to manage part of a budget for				

a project, or to act as a mentor or advisor to other researchers and students.		
The development of project specific and generic research skills		
is articulated at both induction and appraisal, as is the		
responsibility of the individual researcher to address these		
matters. Additionally the RDF is highlighted as a guide to the		
range of skills, competences, attributes and levels researchers		
are expected to acquire as their careers progress (see sections		
3.1, 5.4 and 5.5). Researchers are referred to appropriate RDF		
'Lenses' in order that they can focus on key attributes they		
should develop, and are encouraged to be pro-active in seeking		
out opportunities where new skills and attributes can be		
practiced and honed.		
Similarly, principal investigators are encouraged to present		
researchers with appropriate development opportunities and		
responsibilities when they arise within the course of their		
research projects, by building on both the strengths, as well as		
addressing the weaknesses of members of the research team.		
Further, the University encourages ECRs and those new to		
research at Greenwich to join supervisory teams for		
postgraduate research students. To facilitate this, the University		
delivers a stand-alone, mandatory professional development		
programme to assist staff in preparing to take on such		
responsibilities. Coverage of such development courses include:		
What is 'doctorateness'?		
Expectations of external bodies and their impact in shaping the		
environment we work in		
Recruitment and admissions processes		
Getting the student started		
How students learn		
Supporting and monitoring student progress		
Student skills development		

	Quality assurance and enhancement Research integrity, intellectual property and exploitation of research. This professional development programme has been in operation since 2012 and sessions run twice per year with an average attendance of 15 per cohort.				
3.8	Employers also should provide a specific career development strategy for researchers at all stages of their career, regardless of their contractual situation, which should include the availability of mentors involved in providing support and guidance for the personal and professional development of researchers. All researchers should be familiar with such provisions and arrangements. Specific career development strategies for researchers are achieved as part of formal induction and appraisal processes (refer to section 3.6 and 4.1), and are included in the Balanced Academic Workload model for resources allocation.	A	No actions set	HR Faculties	
3.9	Research managers should actively encourage researchers to undertake Continuing Professional Development (CPD) activity, as far as is possible within the project. It should be stressed that developmental activity can often have a direct on the success of the project, by distributing work and taking advantage of individual strengths and talents, and increasing the skill and effectiveness of researchers in key areas such as writing for publication or communicating to a wider audience. Funding bodies acknowledge that training of researchers is a significant contribution to research output and they encourage employers to adopt these practices. The University recognises the valuable and individual roles	A	No actions set	HR GRE Faculties	

played by members of staff comprising research teams, the			
importance of this to the productivity of such teams and the			
contribution this makes to the University's research endeavour			
as a whole. It is for these reasons such matters form an integral			
part of the induction, mentoring and appraisal processes. Also			
refer to sections 3.6, 4.1, 4.5 and 5.5			

PRINCIPLE 4

The importance of researchers' personal career development, and lifelong learning, is clearly recognised and promoted at all stages of their career

	Clause, response and evidence for current compliance (commentary as supplied at January 2015 submission)	Status (as at Jan 2015)	Action and <i>success</i> <i>measure</i> (as at January 2015)	Status at Jan 2016 (% complete) 61%-100% 31-60% 0%-30% + update required (& initials)	Lead	Timescal e
4.1	Researchers should be empowered by having a realistic	Р	Action 1): Develop	1): Online appraisal was implemented in	HR	
	understanding of, and information about, their own career		and enhance the	spring 2016. It replaces the current		
	development direction options as well as taking personal		appraisal process	appraisal form online and is user friendly.	ASWG	
	responsibility for their choices at the appropriate times.		particularly at the	Feedback so far has been very positive. It		
	Employers should introduce appraisal systems for all		level of	focuses not just on a one-off appraisal	Faculties	
	researchers for assessing their professional performance on a		operations/practice,	meeting, but ongoing conversations		
	regular basis and in a transparent manner. It is important that		for example by the	between appraisers and appraises, and will	ECR	
	researchers have access to honest and transparent advice on		provision of	allow us to report more effectively on	Steering	
	their prospects for success in their preferred career.		workshops where best	development needs.	Group	
			practice may be			
	The University's induction and appraisal processes are all-		identified and shared			
	embracing in terms of introducing researchers to their roles and					
	responsibilities, emphasising the importance of individuals (as					
	professionals) taking responsibility for their own personal and		Action 2): Engage	2): The online appraisal system facilitates		
	career development, as well as discussing progress and barriers		academic staff at	in year reviews and the career pathways		
	to such. Appraisal has dedicated web pages		various levels within	project (see 3.2) and researcher		

	(http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/staffdev/appraisal), training events and an e-learning module linked to induction available through the staff portal. RDF information has been included into the University's appraisal guidance hosted on Moodle (http://moodle.gre.ac.uk/mod/resource/view.php?id=240297 – requires login) and managers' training. This includes instructions on self-assessment and information on staff development. Feedback from the University's Athena SWAN survey indicated that staff would like the University to improve the link between appraisal objectives and workload allocation, enhancing ownership and accountability in relation to appraisal objectives, and improving mechanisms for support and development emanating from appraisal. An action has been set to develop and enhance the appraisal process particularly at the level of operations/practice, for example by the provision of workshops where best practice may be identified and shared. The University is also reviewing practice around the implementation of the Balanced Academic Workload tool (the outputs from this will form part of the appraisal discussion about workload allocation).		their research careers from Early Career Researchers to Senior Researchers, in research and enterprise activities, this objective to be explored as part of the appraisal process. This will be harnessed by continuing promotion of the benefits of the RDF as a career planning tool – specifically within the context of Athena SWAN and engaging women in STEMM subjects	development framework are linked to it to underpin career development discussions. Mini-REF-like pan-University exercises (GREAT2016, GREAT2017) have been undertaken to acquire more detailed metrics on staff engagement with research, its volume and quality, and over a longer term, as a mechanism to induce a positive change in the culture towards research and activity.		2) by August 2018
4.2	Employers will wish to ensure that developmental activities open to researchers include preparation for academic practice. Employers should take measures to ensure broad recognition of CPD schemes from other employing organisations as far as possible, so that researchers are not unduly disadvantaged when moving from one employer to another. The University encourages new and existing research staff to engage in professional development in teaching and learning. In practice, engagement in teaching and learning activities is, as appropriate, discussed at appraisal, details of which are then	A	No actions set		Faculties	

	finalised between the individual researcher, line manager and Head of Department. As such, preparation for academic practice takes a number of different formats at the Faculty/Institute level, for example, participation in: Teaching related activities, e.g. tutorials, laboratory support, support for lectures, delivery of subject specific lectures etc. Supervision of final year undergraduate and Masters' student projects Supervision of postgraduate research students Faculty Committees, i.e. Faculty Board, Faculty R&EC, Subject Assessment Panels, Progression and Awards Boards. For further information on formal professional development in teaching and learning refer to section 4.3. The University recognises and accommodates different CPD schemes that researchers have been, or are required to follow. For example, some staff will be required to follow a different format as requirement of membership of specific professional bodies and learned societies. It is recognised that for researchers this is likely to become less of an issue with the gradual adoption of the of the pan-UK Researcher Development Framework (RDF) as the means of stimulating actions on PDP and CPD, and the associated log for recording engagement in such activities.				
4.3	Employers will ensure that where researchers are provided with teaching and demonstrating opportunities as part of their career development, suitable training and support will be provided.	A	No actions set	Faculties EDU	
	In response to the 'Teaching Skills' element of Indicator 14 of Chapter B11 of the new QAA' UK Quality Code for Higher Education', the University has developed as stand-alone training				

	programme for postgraduate students, where attendance is mandatory if no AP(E)L exists. This programme is delivered by the University's Educational Development Unit (EDU), successful completion of which goes part way to achieving Associate Fellowship status of the Higher Education Academy (HEA). The EDU runs a number of professional development programmes, which contribute to the training of staff in assessment and feedback, including the Postgraduate Certificate in Higher Education (PG Cert) for new staff, the HEA-accredited Greenwich Opportunities in Learning and Development Scheme (GOLD: <u>http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/edu/he/framework</u>) for existing staff and the Postgraduate Teaching and Learning Course for research students. Any staff member who does more than 60 hours teaching (over one academic year) is automatically eligible for completion of PG Cert. Once completed, the staff member automatically gets HEA Fellowship. The course is also open to Research Assistants. As with postgraduate research students, the lead member academic staff responsible for the learning associated with the particular subject matter has the responsibility to provide appropriate				
4.4	Employers and researchers can often benefit if researchers have an input into policy and practice through appropriate representation at staff meetings and on organisation and management committees.	A	No actions set	Faculties DVC (R&E)	
	Researchers have opportunities to engage in local policy setting, as well as inputting into operational matters at the Faculty level, for example as members of Faculty Boards or Faculty Research and Enterprise Committees. Further, Faculty Pro Vice Chancellors each appoint two members of staff (with research				

	interests) to sit on the University's main Research and Enterprise Committee, which is the principal body within the University for discussing and setting research and enterprise strategy and related operational matters.					
4.5	 Mentoring arrangements should be supported by employers as a key mechanism for career development and enhancement. As an important component of staff induction, the University has an active scheme for mentoring new staff, which provides a vehicle for discussing needs surrounding career development: (http://www.gre.ac.uk/ data/assets/pdf_file/0008/664649/Me ntoring-new-staff-January-2015.pdf). The mentoring of new staff at the University is aimed at pairing the new recruit with a more experienced member of academic or professional services staff. Mentors are currently allocated as part of specific development opportunities such as the GOLD Scheme and The Leadership Foundation's Aurora programme, which is designed to enable women in academic and professional roles in higher education to engage with leadership development at early stages in their careers (see section 3.4). The University is planning on expanding the mentoring opportunity to all staff groups in 2014-15, and is piloting the arrangements through the Aurora programme. 	Ρ	Action: Review and improve existing mentoring programmes to ensure provision for all staff throughout the employment life cycle	A coaching and mentoring online platform is now in place to support matching coaches and mentors to those requesting this support. The activities associated with the training institute will accelerate the identification and provision of mentoring and career development support.	HR Faculties	by Summer 2018

RESEARCHER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

PRINCIPLE 5

Individual researchers share the responsibility for and need to pro-actively engage in their own personal and career development, and lifelong learning.

	Clause, response and evidence for current compliance	Status (as at	Action and <i>success</i> <i>measure</i> (as at		atus at Jan 20 (% complete)			
	(commentary as supplied at January 2015 submission)	Jan 2015)	January 2015)	61%-100%	31-60%	0%-30%	Lead	Timescale
				+ updat	e required (&	initials)		
5.1	Researchers are employed to advance knowledge and should exercise and develop increased capacity for independent,	A	No actions set				DVC (R&E)	
	honest and critical thought throughout their careers.						HR	
	Advancement of knowledge underpins the University's Strategic							
	Plan: (http://www.gre.ac.uk/strategicplan).						GRE	
	All researchers are encouraged and supported to work with							
	academic peers and colleagues, both within and external to the							
	University, and ensure good conduct in their research. External							
	collaboration and networking is actively encouraged, as							
	exemplified by ECRs being supported through a dedicated travel							
	bursary fund to attend international conferences to present their work, engage in networking and to seek out collaborative							
	opportunities.							
	As researchers progress their career, the emphasis is one of							
	assisting them, and being proactive themselves in becoming							
	increasingly independent and autonomous in outlook and							
	operation and to develop potential for taking on leadership roles. The commitment to developing leadership skills in							
	research is further evidenced by the University's engagement in							
	working with Epigeum (<u>www.epigeum.com</u>) and an							
	international group of selected universities on the development							
	of an on-line educational programme on 'Professional Skills for							
	Research Leaders'. A Moodle page hosts the Epigeum suite of e-							
	learning courses which are mapped against the RDF domains							

5.2	 (<u>http://moodle.gre.ac.uk/course/view.php?id=29434</u> – login required). This will be launched at an RDF themed event in the spring. The emphasis on good conduct in research is exemplified by the University-wide Research and Enterprise Committee (R&EC) supporting the principles expressed in the UKRIO Code of Practice for Research, endorsed by the Committee in December 2010. Matters relating to research ethics are guided by the University's policy on this matter: (<u>http://www.gre.ac.uk/research/rec</u>) and is managed by the University Research Ethics Committee. For further information about research integrity refer to section 5.3. 	Δ	No actions set		
5.2	knowledge and facilitate its use in policy making and the	A	NO actions set		
	commercialisation of research for the benefit of their employing organisation, as well as the wider society and				
	economy as a whole.				
	The overall responsibility for knowledge transfer and				
	exploitation arising out of research rests with the Deputy Vice Chancellor, Research and Enterprise - DVC (R&E). Operationally,				
	this process is managed by the Director of Greenwich Research				
	and Enterprise (GRE). In turn, GRE organises a wide programme				
	of events and seminars to support to researchers to develop the				
	necessary understanding and skills to engage in such activities. Additionally, as part of the knowledge transfer process,				
	researchers are positively encouraged to disseminate the				
	findings of their research in an honest and ethical manner in				
	accordance with standard research practice, whilst, as				
	applicable, observing any requirements for confidentiality as set				
	out by the terms and conditions of sponsoring organisations.				

In relation to addressing the 'public awareness agenda', the		
University is committed to discharging its responsibility for		
disseminating to the community at large the benefits of its		
research and enterprise initiatives arising from public and		
private investment in such activities. This is evidenced by open		
lectures, professorial lectures (which are also open to the		
public), exhibitions, communicating through non-academic		
outlets:		
(<u>http://www2.gre.ac.uk/about/news</u>) and the 'What's on'		
pages:		
(http://www2.gre.ac.uk/about/whatson).		
As part of this process, the University also makes annual awards		
to Early Career Researchers who have excelled in advancing		
their research careers and in communicating the results of their		
work to a wider, lay audience (i.e. the ECR Research Excellence		
Award and the ECU Communicator Award). ECRs are also able		
to participate in media training workshops organised by the		
University's Public Relations Office to help them to develop a		
media profile and effective communication style that will enable		
them to become more successful in knowledge transfer and		
public engagement opportunities. Since 2010, a number of		
researchers have received either financial or personal		
developmental support, which is primarily aimed at enhancing		
the researcher's profile. In recognition of a researcher's		
achievements and their direct or potential contributions to the		
University's research and enterprise portfolio, support has been		
awarded through a number of initiatives to date, including;		
4 researchers have received the ECR Communicator		
Award		
• 14 researchers have received the ECR Excellence Award		
• 45 researchers have received funding of up to £900 per		
travel award		

	• 4 researchers have received funding of up to £600 per					
	conference award					
	• 6 researchers were funded to attend external					
F 2	leadership programmes.				CDE	Dath
5.3	Researchers should recognise their responsibility to conduct and disseminate research results in an honest and ethical	Р	Action 1: Research	1): Several University wide policies have or	GRE	Both by
			Integrity Policy to be	are being rewritten to reflect the new open		August
	manner and to contribute to the wider body of knowledge		presented to a future	science agenda, e.g. Research Integrity	University	2017
	Description of the second state of the second		R&EC for ratification.	Policy, Intellectual Property Policy, and will	Secretary	
	Researchers are positively encouraged to conduct research and			pass through the formal approval routes		
	disseminate their findings in an honest and ethical manner in			within the University, <i>viz</i> Research &		
	accordance with standard research practice.			Enterprise Committee, Academic Council		
				and the Court. Once approved, these		
	In part, this is addressed by sections 5.1 and 5.2 above.			policies will be lodged on the University		
	Additionally, the University was a founding member of the			portal, and all staff informed electronically.		
	international group of universities that assisted in the					
	formulation of the recently introduced Epigeum on-line					
	educational programme on 'Research Integrity'.		Action 2: Implement	2): University Data Management		
	Descende Intervity is new queilable as next of the new quite of		University Data	Communication Plan is complete. Survey communicated to senior researchers to		
	Research Integrity is now available as part of the new suite of		Management			
	Epigeum e-learning courses. Completion of this module is now a		Communication Plan.	ascertain baseline knowledge. Open Access		
	mandatory part of local induction for academic staff and appears on the line managers' checklist			and Data Management policy being written, and a new staff member has been		
	(http://www.gre.ac.uk/data/assets/excel_doc/0011/725978/l			appointed to drive this agenda.		
	nduction-Checklist-November-2014.xls).			appointed to drive this agenda.		
	1100000000000000000000000000000000000					
	Staff have to complete this within their first three months of					
	employment.					
	The University's new Research Integrity Policy will be presented					
	to a future R&EC for ratification. A Data Management Policy					
	was approved by R&EC in October 2014. Its subsequent					
	communication plan is being implemented in 2015.					

5.4	Researchers should also be aware that the skills andachievements required to move on from a research positionmay not be the same as the skills and achievements whichthey displayed to reach that positionThis is reflected through researchers' engagement with the RDF	A	No actions set			
	as a vehicle for considering future skills needs and requirements relating to researchers' personal career planning. Also refer to section 3.1 and 3.7. Additionally, this is a matter for consideration and discussion at appraisal. Guidance information on the RDF is outlined in the University's appraisal guidance and managers' training (see section 4.1).					
5.5	Researchers should recognise that the primary responsibility for managing and pursuing their career is theirs. Accordingly, they should identify training needs and actively seek out opportunities for learning and development in order to further that career and take personal responsibility for their choices. Research managers and employers also have a responsibility to provide honest advice and appropriate structures, and to equip researchers with tools to manage their careers. Research managers should encourage research staff under their supervision to attend appropriate training and career development courses and events. The University of Greenwich fully appreciates and values the vital role played by its staff in contributing to its success, and the role of research focussed staff in actively assisting the University to address its research strategy.	A	Action: Reporting and encouragement of participation in annual conferences to ensure fairer representation	Self-pursuance with activities designed to promote engagement with research is poor but improving. One of the key rationales for creation of the training institute is to bolster this activity. As part of the institute, two key roles have been created to develop a series of training workshops to better support researchers in their career development. A further role has been identified to assist staff in maximising their publication efforts. Recruitment to these posts is currently underway.	HR Faculties ECR Steering Group	by August 2018
	Many research staff are members of professional bodies relevant to their discipline and interests where, as a condition for such membership, the responsibility for career development					

and associated training needs resting with the individual is clearly articulated. As such many research staff are already aware of and fully accept this responsibility. For those who are not, this is a major theme under the 'roles and responsibilities' aspect of staff induction and 'in service' appraisal, along with managers encouraging staff to attend appropriate subject specific and generic development events. The University assists in providing a wide range of generic and research-specific development programmes, which may be enhanced by attendance at external events, subject to availability of appropriate funding. The Human Resources Office offers a wide range of development annual programme of events is informed by a Training Needs Analysis from the annual appraisal exercise. Topics include: Management and Leadership Compliance Career Management and Development
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Topics include: Image: Compliance Compliance Image: Career Management and Development
Management and Leadership Compliance Career Management and Development Compliance
Compliance Career Management and Development
Career Management and Development
Personal Skills Development
Project Management
Enhancing Performance.
The Greenwich Research and Enterprise (GRE) office organises
more research and enterprise focussed training and
development events specifically for research staff, covering
areas such as:
Building a consultancy business
Communicating with industry
Entrepreneurship in the academic context
IP Policies and procedures
Working with the media

5.6	Social and economic return on investment Research impact. As mentioned in sections 3.1, 3.7 and 5.4, the RDF and associated tools/'lenses' is a vehicle for assisting research staff and academic researchers to reflect on and identify needs to develop skills, competences and expertise as relevant to the own personal needs and those relevant to their current and future roles at Greenwich or elsewhere. Courses offered by GRE are themed under the RDF Domains and provision has been expanded to incorporate the sub-domains of the RDF, such as specialised statistical analysis, social media (e.g. podcasts) and managing research teams.	P	Action: Pilot the RDF	Trial of RDF online planner was put on hold	GRE	
	requirements and activities are regularly discussed, monitored and evaluated throughout the year in discussion with their research manager and mentor, and that they commit		online planner offered through Vitae	awaiting development of the online appraisal process. That is now established, and the online appraisal will become a	Faculties	
	themselves fully to all such activities. Researchers are encouraged to record their Personal Development Planning (PDP) and CPD activities, a log of which may be presented to current and future employers as appropriate.			central repository for CPD activity. This may have the consequence that RDF online planner becomes less necessary. In 2015/16 we had 100% completion of		
	As set out in earlier sections, PDP and CPD form essential parts of both the induction and annual 'in service' staff appraisal process. The RDF is the recommended vehicle for research staff and academic researchers to log their engagement in such personal development activities, although some may have requirements to do so in an alternative format as a condition of membership of relevant professional bodies and learned societies.			appraisals.		
	RDF activity is recognised in the University's Balanced Academic					

Workload model under 'Research, Enterprise and Professional		I
Practice' - which encompasses; externally and internally funded		1
research activity, consultancy, knowledge transfer partnerships		1
and short courses, and 'Service on behalf of the University' –		1
which includes programme leadership and management roles,		1
and supporting staff development.		1

DIVERSITY AND EQUALITY

PRINCIPLE 6

Diversity and equality must be promoted in all aspects of the recruitment and career management of researchers

	Clause, response and evidence for current compliance (commentary as supplied at January 2015 submission)	Status (as at Jan 2015)	Action and <i>success</i> <i>measure</i> (as at January 2015)	Status at Jan 2016 (% complete) 61%-100% 31-60% 0%-30% + update required (& initials)	Lead	Timescale
6.1	The UK legislative framework outlaws discrimination on the	Р	Action: University and	R&E Strategy was approved by Court May	DVC R&E	
	basis of age, disability, sex, sexual orientation, race or religion.		Faculty Research and	2016.		
	It also requires public bodies to take positive steps to promote		Enterprise Strategies		Faculty	
	equality, based on evidence and priorities, and to develop		to recognise	REF Strategy Group set up to meet	R&E	
	specific schemes and action plans related to gender, race and		commitment for	quarterly to progress this. REF Strategy	Committee	
	disability to address specific issues of under-representation or		addressing equality	Group Terms of Reference refer to		
	lack of progression.		and inclusion issues	Equality Act and all panels to do equality	Senior	
			such as potential	online training. University strategy is	Managers	
	The University produces an annual equality information report		gender imbalances	established, and communicated through		
	(http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/e-and-d/reporting-and-		within the next REF	the REF Strategy and working groups, to		
	monitoring) in relation to staff and students, where equality			the Faculty level research committees.		
	data is presented and analysed, and information is also					
	provided on how the PSED is complied with.					
	The University also publishes its equality objectives that address					
	agreed corporate equality priorities. The University will identify					
	and progress specific actions related to equality issues in					

	relation to researchers where appropriate. The University also undertakes Equality Impact Analysis (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/e-and-d/equality-impact- analysis) of new policies, procedures, practices and important decisions to identify if they have an adverse impact on equality and persons with protected characteristics ¹ , as well as taking into consideration factors such as part-time working, fixed term status and caring responsibilities. The responsibility for monitoring falls within the remit of the Equality and Diversity Committee (E&DC), which reports directly to the University's Executive Committee. The terms of reference and minutes of the meetings for this Committee are available at: (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/e-and-d/reporting-and- monitoring) Also refer to section 6.9 relating to the University's Bullying and Harassment Policy.					
6.2	As is the case for society as a whole, UK research will benefit from increasing equality and diversity in the recruitment and retention of researchers. The Concordat encourages the recruitment and retention of researchers from the widest pool of available talent, including those from diverse backgrounds. The University advertises on <u>www.jobs.ac.uk</u> for all external vacancies, as well as subject specific publications identified by the recruiting line manager, dependent on cost. As such, the University includes a diversity 'strapline' on its advertisements. The University is also accredited to use the Two Ticks symbol job adverts to show that we encourage applications from disabled people. The equality monitoring section of the	P	Action 1: Establish reporting and analysis on recruitment data in relation to research staff, particularly in STEMM to non- STEMM subjects and demographic data Action 2: Extend staff monitoring data collected within	 1): The update of the HR Oracle system will greatly facilitate reporting of recruitment data. Currently this analysis is being conducted manually, to inform baseline position. 2): This was included in the recent HR data audit, but further analysis and policy evolution is required here. 	HR (EDI Manager) ECR Steering Group Faculties E&DC	1) by August 2018 2) by Dec 2018

¹ Age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion and belief, sex, sexual orientation

	analization form is detached from the main analization for UD					
	application form is detached from the main application for HR		recruitment and			
	statistical reporting purposes only.		workforce profiling to			
			include the protected			
	The University monitors staff workforce and recruitment		characteristics of			
	equality data. The information is disaggregated by job category,		gender reassignment,			
	including age, disability, gender and ethnicity levels within		and religion and belief			
	senior management, research and administration staff. The					
	data can be found on the HR web pages (<u>here</u>).					
	Disaggregation of equality data relating to Research staff was					
	completed in the Equality Monitoring Report 2011-12					
	(http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/e-and-d/reporting-and-					
	monitoring). Analysis of research staff by grade was undertaken					
	as part of the University's Athena SWAN submission.					
	Disaggregation was not completed at recruitment level and an					
	action has been set within the Athena SWAN submission to					
	address this.					
	The University extended its monitoring of protected					
	characteristics in relation to sexual orientation from the 2012-					
	13 academic session (http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/e-and-					
	d/reporting-and-monitoring). An action has been set to extend					
	monitoring of the protected characteristics of gender					
	reassignment, and religion and belief within staff recruitment					
	and workforce profiling, in order to better understand and meet					
	the diverse needs of our employees.					
6.3	It should be emphasised that the demanding nature of	Р	Action 1: GRE to work	1): 'Make a Difference' sessions held	GRE	
	research careers has a disproportionate effect on certain		with Faculties and HR	focus group on theme of work-life		
	groups. We strongly recommend that all members of the UK		to identify the ways in	balance. Initial outcomes were relayed to	HR	
	research community actively address the disincentives and		which staff returning	Heads of Department, and conversations		
	indirect obstacles to retention and progression in research		from	built into ongoing Staff Engagement	ECR	
	careers which may disproportionately impact on some groups		maternity/paternity	action planning.	Steering	

more than others.	leave or long term		Group	
	illness could take	Over 80% of staff returning to work after		
Equality Impact Assessments were undertaken on the REF	advantage of the	long periods of absence have participated		
Codes of Practice, GREAT 2012 (mock exercise) and REF 2014	provision of support to	in return to work discussions. These		
submission. The impact assessments involved an equality	develop their	discussions necessarily focus on		
analysis and impact assessment of research staff who are	(research) careers,	identifying research activities as part of		
eligible for submission to the REF, against actual submissions	tailored to identify	their work plan, in conjunction with the		
made. Several recommendations were made as a result of the	requirements,	University's revised Balanced Academic		
final EIA, which were factored into the University's Athena	regardless of their	Workload Model.		
SWAN submission and actions set in this section.	work arrangements			
In 2012, the University carried out an Employee Engagement				
Survey 'My University My Voice'	Action 2: Establish	2): The University R&E Committee and		2) by
(http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/employee-engagement/my-	reporting and analysis	GRE hold extensive discussions with		Summer
university-my-voice). This provided the University with the	on equality data in	Faculties on how best to optimise		2018
opportunity to analyse anonymised data by Faculty /	relation to research	publication, grant success etc. Outputs		
Directorate and highlight any equality issues and challenges.	activities (e.g.	held in the University repository may be		
The 'My University My Voice' survey was followed up in 2013	publications, grants),	disaggregated by researcher and thus,		
with a smaller survey on a key emerging theme –	public engagement,	reaggregated into equality groupings.		
Communication. The next full survey is due in spring 2015.	allowances and	These discussions are ongoing within the		
	sabbaticals	REF Strategy Group planning, and the		
A survey was circulated to all academic staff in September 2014		impact on the wider University strategic		
as part of the Athena SWAN project to gauge feedback on staff		aspirations. A more centralised research		
experience and perceptions. The survey, which attracted a 49%		information system is being explored		
response rate, was grouped around key themes including		within the context of the training		
flexible working, career development and appraisal. Results of		institute		
the survey can be grouped by Faculty, department, job role (etc)				
and has been shared with departmental self-assessment teams				
to identify issues and areas of good practice.				
Further guidance on protected characteristics is being				
developed to help managers support different groups				
throughout their career, for example, pregnant and nursing				

	mothers, time off for religious observance (see section 6.8). Principals of <i>Every Researcher Counts</i> are embedded throughout the implementation of researcher development activities and rolled out in a bespoke approach, developing different research communities within our new Faculty structures.					
6.4	Employers should ensure that the working conditions for researchers provide the flexibility necessary for successful research performance in line with legal requirements. Employers should recognise that for parents and others who have taken career breaks, including parental leave, have worked part-time, or have taken atypical routes into research, the "early career" period may be prolonged, and this may be a time where the risk of attrition from the research path is most acute. Working conditions should allow both female and male researchers to combine family and work, children and career. There are two levels of induction for new staff; at local Department / Directorate level with the individual's line manager, and at corporate level with a blended online and face- to-face approach. The corporate induction sessions includes an introduction to the HR Office and the online 'Equality and Diversity Essentials' training that all new employees are required to complete within three months of starting in post. This, along with the local induction, aims to give new staff information on our policies and commitments, key contacts and how to access support. The University operates a <u>Elexible Working Policy</u> , which outlines the right to request time off for work for members of staff who are parents or carers and covers any member of staff who has worked continuously for 26 weeks. There is also	P	Action: Implement monitoring mechanisms within departments / faculties / the University to identify return rates from parental leave and flexible working requests	 Full implementation of this action will only be possible with the re- implementation of the ORACLE HR system. A five year development plan has been drawn up. A flexible resourcing toolkit has been developed and is available to support managers and individuals to consider flexible working options. 	HR Faculties	1) by August 2019

	1				
	guidance for managers				
	(<u>http://moodlecurrent.gre.ac.uk/course/view.php?id=13133</u>)				
	on flexible working available on the HR web pages. Maternity,				
	Paternity, Parental and other leave policies are also available to				
	staff at the University.				
	The University will update its policy on shared parental leave in				
	accordance with legislative changes in April 2015. Specific				
	guidance for researchers will be made available on parental				
	leave and related HR policies. This will be developed in				
	conjunction with the action under section 6.8.				
	To celebrate the successful integration of the University's ECR				
	Initiative, the forum has been rebranded as the Early Career				
	Researcher Network, to reflect its formalised position within the				
	University, with revised Terms of Reference. The Early Career				
	Researcher Steering Group (ECRSG) oversees the strategy for				
	ECRs across the University. The composition of the ECR Steering				
	Group is set out in section 7.1.				
	The purpose of the Network is to bring a sense of community				
	between ECRs across disciplines and campuses. Faculty ECR				
	Ambassadors (4) have been elected by their Pro Vice-				
	Chancellors / Heads of Department to engage with the ECRSG in				
	presenting the needs of Early Career Researchers, and be				
	proactive in stimulating activities and participation to the ECR				
	Network. GRE are informed by HR when new Early Career				
	Researchers (ECRs) join the University and these staff are				
	included in the Greenwich ECR Network.				
6.5	It is important for employers to respond flexibly to requests for	A	No actions set	HR	
0.0	changed work patterns and to resist instant refusals on the				
	assumption that, because research has always been carried			Faculties	
	out in a particular way, it cannot be done differently.				
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	As set out in section 6.4, the University operates a Flexible Working Policy, which outlines the right to request time off for work for members of staff who are parents or carers and covers any member of staff who has worked continuously for 26 weeks. There is guidance for managers on flexible working.				
6.6	Funders should continue to ensure that their funding mechanisms and policies are adapted to changing diversity and equality legislation and guidance, for example in their provision of additional funding and duration of grant to cover paternity and adoptive leave as well as maternity leave.	A	No actions set	Faculties HR (EDI Manager)	
	The University receives funding from all major funders of research, including, UK Research Councils, EU(FP7), Technology Strategy Board, as well as charitable bodies such as the Leverhulme Trust, who each have established and well- recognised policies and procedures for ensuring equality of access to funding, and provision for extending grants/further funding to accommodate parental leave. The Research Councils UK, for example, places conditions on funding, referring specifically to Equal Opportunities. The University also distributes its own funding to develop new lines of research, underpin research capacity, and support Early Career Researchers. This is through a combination of open competition and formulaic allocations, mirroring the methodology used by HEFCE. The University administers this funding in the same way as it would any external funding.				

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6.7	Employers should aim for a representative balance of gender,	Р	Action 1: Reporting of	1): Analysis taken place on most recent	HR	1) by
	disability, ethnicity and age at all levels of staff, including at		promotions to be	Professorial pay review. Two Readers &		August
	supervisory and managerial level. This should be achieved on		analysed annually by	Professors workshops took place in	GRE	2018
	the basis of a transparent equal opportunity policy at		equality	November delivered by the new DVC		
	recruitment and at all subsequent career stages. Diversity		characteristics,	Javier Bonet and Andrew Westby; they		
	should be reflected on selection and evaluation committees.		including gender and	were well attended (48 attendees in		
	What is 'representative' will vary according to the nature of		STEMM and non-	total). Feedback was positive.		
	the institution and the academic research subject, but		STEMM departments			
	institutions should aim to ensure that the percentage of			Report detailing the professorial / senior		
	applicants, and ultimately appointments, from a particular			management pay review equality data		
	group to any given level should reflect the percentage in the			2015 seen by ASWG. The next review will		
	available pool at the level immediately below.			be taking place in June 2016.		
	The University's Equality and Diversity Policy Statement outlines					
	our commitment to create an environment in which both		Action 2: Utilise	2): Annual monitoring report 2016/17		2) by Nov
	students and staff are selected and treated solely on the basis		equality benchmarking	(due spring 2018) to include national		2018
	of their merits, abilities and potential. The University's Equality		data against peer	benchmarking data		
	and Diversity Committee is responsible for reviewing reports,		institutions within			
	policies and initiatives and reports directly to the University		annual equality	Awaiting latest annual monitoring report		
	Executive Committee. Also refer to section 6.1.		monitoring report	- due early Spring 2018 (HR)		
	The University operates a Disability Forum for staff to discuss			The next EDI Annual Report will be		
	disability topics and issues, which meets at least once per term.			available October 2018.		
	The University has also formally set up a Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual					
	and Trans (LGBT) Staff Network					
	(http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/e-and-d/lgbt-staff-network)					
	as part of membership of the Stonewall Diversity Champions					
	Programme, and this also provides key evidence that the					
	University provides to Stonewall for their annual Workplace					
	Equality Index.					
	The University monitors staff workforce and recruitment					
	equality data. The information is disaggregated by job category,					
	including gender and ethnicity levels within senior					

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management, research and administration staff. The data can		
be found on the HR web pages <u>here</u> . As set out in section 6.2,		
equality data of research staff is not currently disaggregated at		
recruitment levels and a specific action has been set to address		
this.		
Promotion applications and success rates made through the		
Grading Review Assessment Procedure (GRAP) and		
Appointment to Professors and Readers Procedure (see section		
1.5 and 2.6) are monitored by equality strand. Monitoring for		
researchers has not yet occurred within our existing promotion		
schemes, but will be addressed through a specific action within		
the Athena SWAN submission (outlined).		
Identifying what is 'representative' could be achieved by		
benchmarking equality data against other similar size and		
placed institutions, for example through the HEIDI tool or using		
Equality Challenge Unit (ECU) data. Benchmarking data is not		
currently included within the University's annual equality		
reporting mechanism and a specific action has been set to		
address this. ECU benchmarking data has been used within the		
University's Athena SWAN submission, and will be used further		
within Departmental Athena SWAN submissions.		
The University's Equality Action Plan includes a specific section		
on University Governance, which is reviewed annually at		
Equality and Diversity Committee. Specific actions include		
ensuring 80% of members of Court complete the online		
'Equality and Diversity Essentials' course. The requirements of		
the Committee of University Chairs (CUC) 'Higher Education		
Code of Governance' will inform the governance structure and		
activity which emerges from a proposed internal Review of		
Governance being considered by University Court in November		

	2014. This will include consideration of equality and diversity across the range of University activities, including membership of the Court itself.					
6.8	Account should also be taken of the personal circumstances of groups of researchers. Examples would include researchers who have responsibility for young children or adult dependants, researchers for whom English is not a first language, older or younger researchers, or researchers with disabilities and long-term health issues. Employers and funders should change policies or practices that directly or indirectly disadvantage such groups. Staff are encouraged to speak to their line managers to agree local arrangements and discuss support needed in the first instance. They can then follow this up with HR, for example, for formal flexible working requests, time off for dependent care or implementation of reasonable adjustments. Also refer to sections 6.4 and 6.5 relating to flexible working.	Ρ	Action: Work with managers to develop their understanding of HR policies including for example flexible working, child care vouchers, and to share best practice regarding managing diverse and busy lives.	The University's web services team have improved the web interface, and considerable guidance/FAQS is located in accessible formats. HR Business Partners have been meeting regularly with managers on a one-to-one basis and offer coaching where necessary. The flexible working policy has been revised in partnership with the University's recognised trades unions. A flexible resourcing toolkit has been developed and is available to support managers and individuals to consider flexible working options.	Faculties HR (EDI Manager)	
	Information on staff disability support is available on the University HR pages (<u>http://www.gre.ac.uk/offices/hr/ere/e-and-d/disability</u>). The University has held the 'Two-Ticks'			The Equality Impact Analysis is in place and used by HR when developing policy		

	accreditation from Jobcentre Plus since 2012. This is a government led initiative which allows organisations to				
	demonstrate their commitment to attracting and retaining disabled staff.				
	The University conducts equality impact analyses against new policies and completes periodic reviews of existing policies to ensure equality and fair treatment. An equality impact assessment screening of all HR policies was undertaken in August 2012 to identify areas where any further assessment is needed.				
	The University assesses staff on criteria relevant for the post to which they are applying. In relation to those for whom English is not their first language, support is made available where necessary, and can be raised through their probation meetings or with their line manager. Criteria relating to communication skills are outlined in advertised job descriptions and are based solely on the requirements of the post.				
	Results from the University's Athena Swan Survey in September 2014 indicate that substantial sections of the workforce have poor awareness of HR policies and procedures, and that there is a training gap (e.g. 41% of respondents were not aware of the University's Flexible Working Policy). An action has been set as part of the Athena SWAN project to address this, particularly focusing on managers.				
6.9	All managers of research should ensure that measures exist at every institution through which discrimination, bullying or harassment can be reported and addressed without adversely affecting the careers of innocent parties.	A	No actions set	HR (EDI Manager)	

	A new Bullying and Harassment Policy for Staff and Students was approved by University Court in January 2017. (https://www.gre.ac.uk/ data/assets/pdf_file/0006/748608/B ullying-and-Harassment-Policy-and-Procedure-January- 2017.pdf) This new joint policy covers both staff and student bullying and harassment issues, and offers clear processes for the investigation and resolution of bullying and harassment cases. The University's two support networks – Listening Ears (for students) and Bullying and Harassment Advisers (for staff) – were merged as a joint staff and student facing service called Listening Ears in June 2012. Listening Ears are trained staff volunteers who offer informal and confidential support for issues relating to welfare, equality and diversity, and bullying and harassment. They help staff and students identify ways of resolving issues informally and offer signposting to other services. The provision is managed centrally by HR and meetings for Listening Ears are held once per term, with training offered at least once per academic year.					
6.10	 Employers should also consider participation in schemes such as the Athena SWAN Charter, the Juno Project and other initiatives aimed at promoting diversity in research careers. As part of our commitment to the advancement of equality across the protected characteristics, the University has been awarded Two-Ticks accreditation and a member of the Stonewall Diversity Champions Programme, promoting it as an employer of choice for Lesbian, Gay and Bisexual (LGB) and disabled staff. The University will not be pursuing accreditation under the 	Р	Action: Establish a schedule for departments to prepare for Athena SWAN submission awards to ensure all STEMM departments have submitted by 2017	University holds Bronze Athena Swan status.	GRE Faculties	

Institute of Physics Juno Project scheme, since it does not off	er	
physics as a stand-alone academic discipline.		
The University submitted its Athena SWAN Institutional Bron	ze	
application in November 2014. The University Athena SWAN		
Working Group (ASWG) has been responsible for compiling the	ne	
submission and has organised events to promote the Charter		
and inform staff involved about their responsibilities		
(http://www2.gre.ac.uk/research/support/athena-swan-		
<u>charter</u>).		
The ASWG held its inaugural meeting in early 2014. It has		
focused on evaluating data, identifying good practice and issu	Jes	
for action across the institution. There are 17 members of the	2	
ASWG, 12 (70.6%) female and 5 (29.4%) male. There are 4		
professional support and 13 academic staff on the group, of		
whom 10 are from STEMM backgrounds; 9 (31%) of the		
University's 29 departments are represented on the ASWG.		
The ASWG instigated the formation of Departmental		
'Champions' and 'Self-Assessment Teams' (SATs), comprising		
6 representative staff from every department, both STEMM a	ind	
non-STEMM, to engage the whole University in this		
organisational change.		
Champions are the lead point of contact for Athena SWAN		
within their department and, together with the SATs, are		
responsible for reviewing quantitative and qualitative data,		
suggesting initiatives and actions to improve the representation of women, and supporting Heads of Departments (HeDs) with		
of women, and supporting Heads of Departments (HoDs) with		
planning and implementation. The aim is to embed positive values and behaviours at the base of the organisation.		
This will continue post-submission to ensure the University w		
be ready to develop departmental award applications, not or		
be ready to develop departmental award applications, not of	пу	

for Athena SWAN, but also for Gender Equality Marks within			
Arts and Humanities.			

IMPLEMENTATION AND REVIEW

PRINCIPLE 7

The sector and stakeholders will undertake regular and collective review of their progress in strengthening the attractiveness and sustainability of research careers in the UK.

	Clause, response and evidence for current compliance (commentary as supplied at January 2015 submission)	Status (as at Jan 2015)	Action and <i>success</i> <i>measure</i> (as at January 2015)	61%-100%	atus at Jan 20 (% complete) 31-60%	0%-30%	Lead	Timescale
7.1	The implementation of the Concordat's principles will lead to greater integration of researchers into mainstream management and career development structures of their employing organisations. The aim of this section is to promote implementation through a collective commitment to reviewing its progress. The University supports the intention and implementation of the Concordat. The primary body within the University leading on implementation is the University's Early Career Researcher Steering Group (ECRSG). This body has the full support of the Vice-Chancellor's (Management) Group - VCG - in its workings	A	No actions set	+ updat	e required (&	<u>initiais)</u>	Chair, ECRSG	Review at termly ECRSG meetings
	towards ensuring compliance across the University. The Group reports to the Research and Enterprise Committee (R&EC). The composition of the ECRSG is: Director of Research & Enterprise for Education & Health and Director of the Greenwich Early Career Researcher Network (Chair), Director of Greenwich Research and Enterprise,							

	Director of Human Resources,						
	Director of Postgraduate Research,						
	Postgraduate Research Office Manager,						
	Research Support Manager,						
	Researcher Development Manager,						
	ECR Ambassador in each of the four Faculties (4).						
	The ECRSG is informed by the principles of the Concordat and						
	supports the University's commitment to retain the HR						
	Excellence in Research Award, which is outlined within its						
	Terms of Reference. At local level implementation and						
	operation rests with academic Departments, Faculties and						
	Researchers, assisted by ECR Ambassadors within each of the						
	four Faculties. At University level R&EC, ECRSG, Greenwich						
	Research and Enterprise (GRE) and Human Resources (HR)						
	offices contribute as appropriate. The ECRSG has been						
	responsible for producing the two-year review - a process that						
	has involved consultation with:						
	R&EC (a strategic group reporting to Academic Council that						
	includes the Directors of Research of each of the University's						
	four academic Faculties, along with Early Career Researcher						
	representation),						
	ASWG (a group involving both early career and senior						
	academics, see also section 6.10),						
	Academic and Research staff (involving all-staff and individual						
	consultation with Pro Vice-Chancellors and Faculty staff through						
	surveys, facilitated sessions and face-to-face meetings to						
	identify issues, areas of good practice and inform on-going						
	researcher development activities).						
7.2			^	Actional	b) No option to be taken	Chair	Deviewet
7.2	The signatories agree:	-	A	Actions:	b) No action to be taken	Chair,	Review at
	a. to constitute a steering group an independent chair to	b)			d) CROS & DIRLS ran March May 2015	ECRSG	termly ECRSG
	oversee the implementation and review of the Concordat with	c)	A	7.2.b) Utilise	d) CROS & PIRLS ran March – May 2015.		ECKSG

appropriate representation of funders and sector bodies	d)	Р	benchmarking	The overall University response rate was	meetings
including the Professional Institutions. This group will be	e)	Р	data to inform	15.1% (i.e. 15.1% of academic staff	_
inform the UK Research Base Funders Forum of progress			the ongoing	completed either survey). Response rates	
b. to procure an independent benchmarking study to assess			Concordat	for each survey were: CROS = 12.9% and	d) Next
the state of the sector at the launch of this sector			implementation	PIRLS = 19.9%. Response rates were	CROS and
c. to contribute an appropriate share of the costs of supporting			reviews	calculated using different staff groupings	PIRLS
implementation and review, including the benchmarking				in the last round (2013) so we are unable	
report.			7.2.d) Research staff	to compare results to see if a 10%	
d. to draw up an implementation plan for the Concordat, to			to engage with	increase was gained. Results have been	
ensure a coherent and sustained approach by organisations			CROS and PIRLS	used to inform the GRE workshops and	
operating in the sector and the appropriate use of survey and			at the next	events programme and researcher	
monitoring tools such as the Careers in Research Online Survey			available	development activities. Results	
(CROS).			opportunity	benchmarked against the sector	
e. to undertake and publish a major review of the				(University Alliance) and Russell Group.	
implementation of the Concordat after three years reporting			7.2.e) University to	Report seen by University R&E	
to the signatories and taking account of progress against the			participate in	Committee.	
benchmark report and the views of researchers and employers			implementation	'You said, we did' summary of outcomes	
(both outside and inside the HE sector)			reviews led in	was circulated via the GRE newsletter and	
			line with	TNA email to all academic staff in April	
a. As set out in section 7.1, the University has assigned			expectations of	2016.	
responsibility for monitoring and implementation of the			Vitae		
Concordat to the University's Early Career Researcher Steering				e) Four year review due by 20 January	e) Date
Group (ECRSG).				2017.	set by
b. At the request of Universities UK (March 2010), the					Vitae;
University responded to a questionnaire about the					extended
implementation and other matters relating to the Concordat.					kindly to
The University has not conducted an independent					May 2017
benchmarking study since its last submission. The ECRSG will					
engage with the 'Three-year Review of the Implementation					
of the Principles of the Concordat to Support the Career					
Development of Researchers' report (published by Vitae in					
March 2012) to inform its ongoing internal review process.					
c. The University will support the costs associated with the					

	internal implementation of the Concordat. d. The Careers in Research Online Survey (CROS) and Principal Investigators and Research Leaders Survey (PIRLS) were circulated in 2013 and their results have helped inform the support and training offered by GRE. Response rates were 30% ² for CROS and 45% ³ for PIRLS. e. The University will engage with the major review on progress with implementation in accordance with the latest expectations of Vitae.				
7.3	The signatory funders will ensure that their terms and conditions of, for example, project grants include the expectation that the Research Organisations that they fund will adopt the principles of the revised Concordat. The University will strive to implement the Concordat irrespective of the sources of funding of project grants.	A	No actions set	DVC (R&E)	Review at termly ECRSG meetings
7.4	The signatories recognise the value of innovation in practices and of sharing practice between institutions and aim to promote these throughout the implementation and review process. The funding signatories will consider aligning their support for transferable and career development skills. It is expected that Vitae, the national programme dedicated to realising the potential of researchers, funded by the Research Councils, will play a major role in innovating, sharing practice and enhancing the capability of the sector to implement aspects of the Concordat, as well as establishing strategic partnerships between funders.	A	No actions set	DVC (R&E)	Review at termly ECRSG meetings

 ² CROS response rate calculated using staff in the 'Researcher / Research Fellow' job category in 2012 - 13
 ³ PIRLS response rate calculated using staff in the 'Professor / Research Group Director' job category in 2012 - 13

	The University supports the work of Vitae in developing the careers of researchers, as evidenced by the University's adoption of the RDF as a reference point for the career development of researchers and engaging with Vitae in related areas of activity.				
7.5	Under public sector equality schemes, employers are required to monitor equality and diversity indicators for their researchers. This section focuses on the co-ordination and enhancement of existing information collection and not on the creation of additional data. There is a strong presumption that in implementing the Concordat, significant emphasis will be placed on the use of existing data and information sources and on the sharing of good practice between institutions and to provide evidence of its impact.	A	No actions set	HR (EDI Manager) ASWG ECRSG	Review at termly ECRSG meetings
	As mentioned in sections 6.1 and 6.7, the University monitors equality and diversity indicators, using, where possible, existing mechanisms for data collection. The University's recent Athena SWAN submission also provided useful source of data for benchmarking and monitoring purposes. It is recognised that, over time, there may be a need to collect relevant information by different means.				